UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/588,238	04/18/2007	Yoshinari Endo	FUJI 188NP	5424
23995 RABIN & Berd	7590 10/24/200 lo. PC	EXAMINER		
1101 14TH STI		VAUGHAN, MICHAEL R		
	SUITE 500 WASHINGTON, DC 20005		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2431	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/24/2008	PAPER

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/588,238	ENDO ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	MICHAEL R. VAUGHAN	2431			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>31 December</u> 2a)    This action is <b>FINAL</b> .    2b)    This  3)    Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4)  Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw  5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6)  Claim(s) 1-19 is/are rejected.  7)  Claim(s) 14 and 15 is/are objected to.  8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or  Application Papers  9)  The specification is objected to by the Examiner  10)  The drawing(s) filed on 03 August 2006 is/are:  Applicant may not request that any objection to the or	r election requirement. r. a)∐ accepted or b)⊠ objected t	-			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action of form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12/31/07,9/13/07,8/27/07,10/23/06.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	nte			



Application No.

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

The instant application having Application No. 10/588,238 filed on 4/18/07 is presented for examination by the examiner.

#### **Priority**

Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d). The certified copy has been received.

#### Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement filed 12/31/07 fails to comply with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97, 1.98 and MPEP § 609 because it does not contain a list of the relevant document such as provided by form 1449/PTO. Examiner has read the indication of an included Korean examination report but does not find such document dated 10-26-07. In the record there is a patent examination report from June 26, 2007. Examiner requests the Applicant submit a 1449 form including the correct non-patent literature document. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered as to the merits. Applicant is advised that the date of any re-submission of any item of information contained in this information disclosure statement or the submission of any missing element(s) will be the date of submission for purposes of determining compliance with the requirements based on the time of filing the statement, including all certification requirements for statements under 37 CFR 1.97(e). See MPEP § 609.05(a).

# Specification

The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it contains drawing references. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

#### Title

The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

## **Drawings**

The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(4) because reference character "16" has been used to designate both display unit and data lines. Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

# Claim Objections

Claims 14 and 15 are objected to because of the following informalities: they are dependent claim buts refer to their parent claims by the word "an". Dependent claims should refer to their parent claims with the word "the" so it is clear that the claimed invention has the same limitations of the parent claim.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 is indefinite because of the phrase "an additional information processing system". The phrase has a dual meaning and is not possible to ascertain the difference between whether the additional information processing system is one entity or an additional entity to some unknown other entity. The word additional implies the notion of there being some other entity in which the system communicates with but there is no citation of another entity. Claims 2-16 are likewise rejected for having at least the same indefiniteness.

As per claim 10, its dependency to claim 1 is ambiguous by the fact that it references a processing system whereas claim 1 refers to an apparatus. Dependent claims should further limit the parent claims by including all of the limitation of the parent. It appears Applicant has intended claims 10 to be an independent claim but it definitely depends on claim 1. Therefore Examiner is treated it as a dependent claim. Appropriate correction is required.

Claims 11-15 and 18 likewise fail to further limit their parent claims.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-3, 10-13, 16, and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by JP 2001-218030 to Oki, hereinafter Oki.

As per claim 1, Oki teaches an additional information processing apparatus comprising:

an image acquisition component which acquires input image data in which additional information is embedded (0018);

an extracting [analyzing] component which extracts the additional information from the

input image data (0018); and

an additional information modification component which generates new additional information by modifying the additional information when determining that the additional information complies with a predetermined condition, and generates copied image data by embedding the new additional information into the input image data or image data obtained by removing the additional information from the input image data (0053-0054).

As per claim 2, Oki teaches said additional information contains copy control information for limiting an allowable number of times the input image data is copied (0018); and

when determining that the copy control information contains a variable value representing permission to copy the input image data, said additional information modification component generates the new additional information by modifying the variable value and generates the copied image data (0054).

As per claim 3, Oki teaches said additional information contains copy control information for limiting an allowable number of times the input image data is copied; and when determining that the copy control information contains a variable value representing permission to copy the input image data, said additional information modification component generates the new additional information by modifying the variable value and generates the copied image data (0054).

As per claim 10, Oki teaches a scanner which obtains the input image data by optically scanning a printed medium in which the additional information is embedded; and a printer which prints out the copied image data (0012-0013).

Application/Control Number: 10/588,238

Art Unit: 2131

As per claim 11, Oki teaches a data receiving unit which receives image data transmitted through a communication line and provides the received image data to the image acquisition component (0013).

Page 7

As per claim 12, Oki teaches a data sending unit which sends the copied image data to said communication line (0013).

As per claim 13, Oki teaches a display unit which displays one or both of the additional information extracted by said extracting component and the new additional information (0014).

As per claim 18, Oki teaches a data sending unit which sends the copied image data to said communication line (0013).

As per claim 16, Oki teaches an additional information processing method comprising the steps of:

- (a) acquiring input image data in which additional information is embedded (0018);
- (b) extracting the additional information from the input image data (0018);
- (c) determining whether or not the extracted additional information complies with a predetermined condition (0018); and
- (d) generating new additional information by modifying the additional information when it is determined in said step (c) that the additional information complies with said predetermined condition, and generating copied image data by embedding the new additional information into the input image data or image data obtained by removing the additional information from the input image data (0053-0054).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 4-9, 14, 15, 17, and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Oki in view of USP 6,664,976 to Lofgren et al., hereinafter Lofgren.

As per claim 4, Oki is silent in disclosing an additional information modification component modifies the variable value by a smaller amount with a higher level of access authorization of a user, and modifies the variable value by a larger amount with a lower level of the access authorization level of a user. Lofgren teaches an additional information modification component modifies the variable value by a smaller amount with a higher level of access authorization of a user, and modifies the variable value by a larger amount with a lower level of the access authorization level of a user (col. 9, lines 1-25). Lofgren, which uses a granular access method to protected content, teaches that users must meet certain authentication levels in order to access such content. Lofgren uses bits in the watermarking to differentiate between access levels. There is obvious some type of an order whereby only users with the most clearance can access all the content. On the contrary, users with low clearance can only access the less classified content. Such a teaching, obviously benefits Oki's system in which really the only two types of protection for the content is the number of copies and number of

pages printed. The use of known technique to improve similar devices in the same way is obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. The claim would have been obvious because the technique for improving watermarking copy prevention was part of the ordinary capabilities of a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention, in view of the teaching of granular user access levels in Lofgren.

As per claim 5, Oki teaches recording component which stores the additional information extracted by said extracting component (0018). Oki is silent in disclosing when determining that the additional information contains a flag value representing image data of an original file and the same additional information is not stored in said recording component, said additional information modification component generates the new additional information to write the generated new additional information into the recording component and generates the copied image data; when determining that the additional information contains a flag value representing the image data of an original file and that the same additional information is stored in said recording component, said additional information modification component modifies the variable value that is contained within the additional information stored in said recording component, and generates the new additional information and the copied image data; and when determining that the additional information contains a flag value not representing the image data of an original file, said additional information modification component does not generate the copied image data. Lofgren teaches when determining that the additional information contains a flag value representing image data of an original file and the same additional information is not stored in said recording Application/Control Number: 10/588,238 Page 10

Art Unit: 2131

component, said additional information modification component generates the new additional information to write the generated new additional information into the recording component and generates the copied image data (col. 6, lines 39-40); when determining that the additional information contains a flag value representing the image data of an original file and that the same additional information is stored in said recording component, said additional information modification component modifies the variable value that is contained within the additional information stored in said recording component, and generates the new additional information and the copied image data (col. 6, lines 40-45); and

when determining that the additional information contains a flag value not representing the image data of an original file, said additional information modification component does not generate the copied image data (col. 6, lines 20-25). Each of these steps is a means to handle particular types of content one is dealing with. There are three content types, one for each respective clause. The first type is a new original document with a watermarking. The second type is an original document with new additional information. And the third type is a non original type or copied. Lofgren system handles each of these types of documents in a controlled system that prevents users who should not have access to or modify such content. Again Lofgren's system adds more features and provides a greater level of security than what is taught by Oki. Therefore one of ordinary skill in the art would see these features as improvements to Oki's system. Applying a known technique in a known way to a known device to yield predictable results is obvious. Therefore the claim would have been obvious because a

particular known technique was recognized as part of the ordinary capabilities of one skilled in the art.

As per claim 6, Oki is silent in disclosing determining that the additional information contains a flag value representing image data of an original file, said additional information modification component generates the new additional information by changing the flag value to a value not representing image data of an original file, and generates the copied image data. Lofgren teaches determining that the additional information contains a flag value representing image data of an original file, said additional information modification component generates the new additional information by changing the flag value to a value not representing image data of an original file, and generates the copied image data (col. 6, lines 40-45). Examiner relies upon the same rationale for combining the teachings of Lofgren with the teachings of Oki as a means to improve on the system of Oki as cited above.

As per claim 7, Oki is silent in disclosing determining that a level of access authorization of a user is equal to or larger than a predetermined level, said additional information modification component can provide the copied image data having the same additional information as that of the input image data, without generating the new additional information. Lofgren teaches determining that a level of access authorization of a user is equal to or larger than a predetermined level, said additional information modification component can provide the copied image data having the same additional information as that of the input image data, without generating the new additional information (col. 9, lines 1-17). Examiner relies upon the same rationale for

combining the teachings of Lofgren with the teachings of Oki as a means to improve on the system of Oki as cited in the rejection of claim 4.

As per claim 8, Oki is silent in disclosing additional information modification component generates the new additional information by adding personal identification information of a user to the additional information. Lofgren teaches additional information modification component generates the new additional information by adding personal identification information of a user to the additional information (col. 4, lines 40-50 and col. 9, lines 64-67). Examiner relies upon the same rationale for combining the teachings of Lofgren with the teachings of Oki as a means to improve on the system of Oki as cited in the rejection of claim 4.

As per claim 9, Oki is silent in disclosing additional information modification component generates the new additional information by adding identification information of a system to the additional information, said additional information processing apparatus is integrated in said system. Lofgren teaches additional information modification component generates the new additional information by adding identification information of a system to the additional information, said additional information processing apparatus is integrated in said system (col. 4, lines 40-50). Examiner relies upon the same rationale for combining the teachings of Lofgren with the teachings of Oki as a means to improve on the system of Oki as cited above.

As per claim 14, Oki is silent in disclosing an information reading unit which reads personal identification information from a recording medium storing the personal identification information of a user, and provides the read personal identification

information to said additional information processing apparatus. Lofgren teaches an information reading unit which reads personal identification information from a recording medium storing the personal identification information of a user, and provides the read personal identification information to said additional information processing apparatus (col. 9, lines 40-45). Examiner relies upon the same rationale for combining the teachings of Lofgren with the teachings of Oki as a means to improve on the system of Oki as cited above.

As per claim 15, Oki is silent in disclosing an information reading unit which reads access authorization from a recording medium storing the access authorization of a user, and provides the read access authorization to said additional information processing apparatus. Lofgren teaches an information reading unit which reads access authorization from a recording medium storing the access authorization of a user, and provides the read access authorization to said additional information processing apparatus (col. 9, lines 42-44). Examiner relies upon the same rationale for combining the teachings of Lofgren with the teachings of Oki as a means to improve on the system of Oki as cited above.

As per claim 17, Oki is silent in disclosing an additional information modification component modifies the variable value by a smaller amount with a higher level of access authorization of a user, and modifies the variable value by a larger amount with a lower level of the access authorization level of a user. Lofgren teaches an additional information modification component modifies the variable value by a smaller amount with a higher level of access authorization of a user, and modifies the variable value by

Application/Control Number: 10/588,238 Page 14

Art Unit: 2131

a larger amount with a lower level of the access authorization level of a user (col. 9, lines 1-25). Lofgren which uses a granular access method to protected content teaches that users must meet certain authentication levels in order to access such content. Lofgren uses bits in the watermarking to differentiate between access levels. There is obvious some type of an order whereby only users with the most clearance can access all the content. On the contrary, users with low clearance can only access the less classified content. Such a teaching, obviously benefits Oki system in which really the only two types of protection for the content is the number of copies and number of pages printed. The use of known technique to improve similar devices in the same way is obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. The claim would have been obvious because the technique for improving watermarking copy prevention was part of the ordinary capabilities of a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention, in view of the teaching of granular user access levels in Lofgren.

As per claim 19, Oki is silent in disclosing an information reading unit which reads access authorization from a recording medium storing the access authorization of a user, and provides the read access authorization to said additional information processing apparatus. Lofgren teaches an information reading unit which reads access authorization from a recording medium storing the access authorization of a user, and provides the read access authorization to said additional information processing apparatus (col. 9, lines 42-44). Examiner relies upon the same rationale for combining the teachings of Lofgren with the teachings of Oki as a means to improve on the system

of Oki as cited above.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure is listed on the enclosed PTO-892 form.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MICHAEL R. VAUGHAN whose telephone number is (571)270-7316. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday, 7:30am - 5:00pm, EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kim Vu can be reached on 571-272-3859. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you

Application/Control Number: 10/588,238 Page 16

Art Unit: 2131

have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/M. R. V./ Examiner, Art Unit 2431 /Syed Zia/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2431